2-WAY FULL-RANGE LOUDSPEAKER SYSTEM  90° × 50°
See NOTES TABULAR DATA for details

CONFIGURATION

Subsystem:  Transducer  Loading
            LF  1x 15 in cone  Vented
            HF  1x 1 in exit, 1.75 in voice coil compression driver

Operating Mode:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amplifier Channels</th>
<th>External Signal Processing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single-amp LF/HF</td>
<td>High pass filter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PERFORMANCE

Operating Range:  41 Hz to 20 kHz
Nominal Beamwidth:  (rotatable)
- Horz  90°
- Vert  50°

Axial Sensitivity (whole space SPL):  97 dB @ 41 Hz to 20 kHz
Input Impedance (ohms):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LF/HF</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.3 @ 1135 Hz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

High Pass Filter:  High Pass =>45 Hz, 12 dB/octave Butterworth
Accelerated Life Test:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LF/HF</th>
<th>69.3 V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>600 W @ 8 ohm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calculated Axial Output Limit (whole space SPL):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Average</th>
<th>Peak</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LF/HF</td>
<td>125 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>131 dB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ORDERING DATA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EAW HK195z Horn Kit</td>
<td>2038279-90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAW BV155zx LF Cabinet</td>
<td>2038321-90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DESCRIPTION

The CB159z high power, full range 2-way stage/screen loudspeaker system fills theaters with all the high impact, full-range sound encoded on today's digital soundtracks while reproducing voices clearly and naturally.

The two component system includes a BV155zx vented single 15-in low frequency unit and a HK195z high frequency system - a medium format 90° x 50° HF horn loading a large diaphragm 1-in exit compression driver. The HK195z's constant directivity horn assures even distribution of high frequency information to every seat in the house.

The BV155zx's optimally vented enclosure uses enclosure resonance to increase LF response while limiting driver excursion. This method produces less distortion and minimizes driver strain while extending LF response to the lowest octaves of human hearing. Its shallow enclosure dimensions allow convenient placement behind the screen.

The adjustable steel bracket attaching the horn to the LF enclosure can be positioned at one of two mounting points for optimum front/rear HF horn placement. The bracket allows the HF horn to be aimed independently of the LF section in both the horizontal and vertical planes and can be locked once it is positioned. The HF component comes completely pre-assembled from the factory to minimize assembly time.

The LF component's high power input signal requires the use of a two-terminal barrier strip input connector to create a gas-tight connection, minimizing corrosion and maximizing signal transfer. The barrier strip accommodates bare wire, tinned leads or spade lugs. The HF section comes complete with wires long enough to connect to the LF section, allowing the user to connect both devices in the same location. Input connectors are located on the side of the LF enclosure for convenient access in cramped installation areas.
ENCLOSURE
Material: Medium density hardwood plywood
Finish: Wear resistant black paint

NOTES:
1. WEIGHT APPROX: 71 lb [32.2 kg]
   HK195z (2038379-90) 12 lb [5.4 kg]
   BV155zx (2038321-90) 60 lb [27.2 kg]
2. SHIPPING WEIGHT APPROX: 86 lb [39 kg]
   HK195z (2038379-90) 16 lb [7.3 kg]
   BV155zx (2038321-90) 70 lb [31.8 kg]
3. EACH PRODUCT SHIPS SEPARATELY.
PERFORMANCE DATA
See NOTES GRAPHIC DATA for details

Frequency Response: Processed
Complete = blue

Frequency Response: Unprocessed
Complete = blue

Impedance
Complete = blue

Phase Linearity
Complete = blue

Beamwidth
Horizontal = orange Vertical = black
HORIZONTAL POLAR DATA
See NOTES GRAPHIC DATA for details
VERTICAL POLAR DATA
See NOTES GRAPHIC DATA for details
**CB159zx Specifications**

**INPUT PANEL**

**SIGNAL DIAGRAM**

**NOTES**

**TABULAR DATA**

2. **Microphone Systems**: Earthworks M30; Bruel & Kjaer 4133.
3. **Measurements**: Dual channel FFT; length: 32,768 samples; sample rate: 48 kHz; logarithmic sine wave sweep.
4. **Measurement System Qualification**: Includes all uncertainties; SPL: accuracy +/-0.2 dB @ 1 kHz, precision +/-0.5 dB 20 Hz to 20 kHz, resolution 0.05 dB; Frequency: accuracy +/-1 %, precision +/-0.1 Hz, resolution the larger of 1.5 Hz or 1/48 octave; Time: accuracy +/-0.4 μs, precision +/-0.5 μs, resolution 10.4 μs; Angular: accuracy +/-1°, precision +/-0.5°, resolution 0.5°.
5. **Environment**: Measurements time-windowed and processed to eliminate room effects, approximating an anechoic environment. Data processed as anechoic or fractional space, as noted.
6. **Measurement Distance**: 7.46 m. Acoustic responses represent complex summation of the subsystems at 20 m. SPL is referenced to other distances using the Inverse Square Law.
7. **Enclosure Orientation**: For beamwidth and polar specifications, as shown in Mechanical Specification drawing.
8. **Volts**: Measured rms value of the test signal.
9. **Watts**: Per audio industry practice, “loudspeaker watts” are calculated as voltage squared divided by rated nominal impedance. Thus, these are not True Watt units of energy as defined by International Standard.
10. **SPL**: (Sound Pressure Level) Equivalent to the average level of a signal referenced to 0 dB SPL = 20 microPascals.
11. **Subsystem**: This lists the transducer(s) and their acoustic loading for each passband. Sub = Subwoofer, LF = Low Frequency, MF = Mid Frequency, HF = High Frequency.
12. **Operating Mode**: User selectable configurations, between system elements, a comma (,) = separate amplifier channels; a slash (/) = single amplifier channel. DSP = Digital Signal Processor.
13. **Operating Range**: Range where the processed Frequency Response stays within -10 dB SPL of the power averaged SPL within this range; measured on the geometric axis. Narrow band dps are excepted.
14. **Nominal Beamwidth**: Design angle for the -6 dB SPL points, referenced to 0 dB SPL, as the highest level.
15. **Axial Sensitivity**: Power averaged SPL over the Operating Range with an input voltage that would produce 1 W at the nominal impedance; measured with no external processing on the geometric axis, referenced to 1 m.
16. **Nominal Impedance**: Selected 4, 8, or 16 ohm resistance such that the minimum impedance point is no more than 20% below this resistance over the Operating Range.
17. **Accelerated Life Test**: Maximum test input voltage applied with an EIA-426B defined spectrum; measured with recommended signal processing and Recommended Protection Filter.
18. **Calculated Axial Output Limit**: Highest average and peak SPLs possible during the Accelerated Life Test. The Peak SPL represents the 2:1 (6 dB) crest factor of the Life Test signal.
19. **High Pass Filter**: This helps protect the loudspeaker from excessive input signal levels at frequencies below the Operating Range.

**GRAPHIC DATA**

1. **Resolution**: To remove insignificant fine details, 1/12 octave cepstral smoothing was applied to acoustic frequency responses and 1/3 octave cepstral smoothing was applied to the beamwidth and impedance data. Other graphs are plotted using raw data.
2. **Frequency Responses**: Variation in acoustic output level with frequency for a constant input signal. Processed: normalized to 0 dB SPL. Unprocessed inputs: 2 V (4 ohm nominal impedance), 2.83 V (8 ohm nominal impedance), or 4 V (16 ohm nominal impedance) referenced to a distance of 1 m.
3. **Processor Response**: The variation in output level with frequency for a constant input signal of 0.775 V = 0 dB reference.
4. **Beamwidth**: Average angle for each 1/3 octave frequency band where, starting from the rear of the loudspeaker, the output first reaches -6 dB SPL referenced to 0 dB SPL as the highest level. This method means the output may drop below -6 dB SPL within the beamwidth angle.
5. **Impedance**: Variation in impedance magnitude, in ohms, with frequency without regard to voltage/current phase. This means the impedance values may not be used to calculate True Watts (see 9 above).
6. **Polar Data**: Horizontal and vertical polar responses for each 1/3 octave frequency band 100 Hz to 16 kHz or Operating Range.

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EAW products are continually improved. All specifications are therefore subject to change without notice.